

and distributed

GHG accounting methodology

ESG data table

CLP continually improves by managing, monitoring and reporting its ESG performance. These tables present a quantitative overview of the Group's 2023 financial and non-financial performance. The disclosures are selected from the GRI Standards, The Hong Kong Stock Exchange's ESG Reporting Guide, SASB Standards for Electric Utilities, IFRS S1 General Requirements for Disclosure of Sustainability-related Financial Information and IFRS S2 Climate-related Disclosures, as well as other key performance data.

Detailed discussion of these metrics can be found in the corresponding Respecting Nature and Serving our Stakeholders sections.

The 2023 data shaded in orange has been independently verified by KPMG. The assurance scope of past years' data can be found in previous sustainability reports.

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Financial information

Capital investment, operating earnings and revenue

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/I SASE		
Total capital investment incurred by asset type (HK\$M(%)) ^{1,2,3}	15,674 (100%)	17,849 (100%)	15,411 (100%)	13,022 (100%)	12,028 (100%)	IFRS S1		
Transmission, distribution and retail	6,936 (44%)	6,379 (36%)	5,957 (39%)	4,810 (37%)	5,229 (43%)			
Coal	2,921 (19%)	2,280 (13%)	2,628 (17%)	3,638 (28%)	2,473 (21%)			
Gas	4,336 (28%)	6,713 (38%)	5,639 (37%)	3,445 (26%)	3,146 (26%)			
Nuclear	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	352 (3%)			
Wind	219 (1%)	1,721 (10%)						
Hydro	53 (0%)	29 (0%)	842 (6%)	842 (6%) 455 (4%)	457 (4%)			
Solar	457 (3%)	34 (0%)						
Waste-to-energy	37 (0%)	1 (0%)	18 (0%)	7 (0%)	123 (1%)			
Others ⁴	715 (5%)	692 (4%)	327 (2%)	667 (5%)	248 (2%)			
Total operating earnings by asset type (HK\$M(%)) ^{1,5}	11,606 (100%)6	9,156 (100%)6	10,972 (100%)	12,374 (100%)	12,138 (100%)			
Transmission, distribution and retail	6,127 (53%) ⁶	6,534 (72%)6	6,095 (56%)	5,751 (46%)	5,131 (42%)			
Coal	308 (3%)6	-1,478 (-16%)6	763 (7%)	2,871 (23%)	2,503 (21%)			
Gas	2,164 (19%) ⁶	1,466 (16%)6	1,312 (12%)	1,510 (12%)	1,735 (14%)			
Nuclear	1,888 (16%)	1,965 (22%)6	1,908 (17%)	1,594 (13%)	1,688 (14%)			
Wind	615 (5%) ⁶	428 (5%)6	(20 /6%)	F67 /F9/\	4.044.(00/)			
Hydro	101 (1%) ⁶	112 (1%)6	630 (6%)	567 (5%)	1,011 (8%)			

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	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Solar	353 (3%) ⁶	4 (0%)6				
Waste-to-energy	8 (0%)	9 (0%)6	10 (0%)	8 (0%)	5 (0%)	
Others ⁴	42 (0%)6	116 (1%) ⁶	254 (2%)	73 (1%)	65 (1%)	
Revenue by asset type (HK\$M(%)) ¹	87,169 (100%)	100,662 (100%)	83,959	79,590	85,689	
Transmission, distribution and retail	40,248 (46%)	39,169 (39%)	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Coal	13,800 (16%)	26,188 (26%)	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Gas	20,075 (23%)	21,657 (22%)	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Nuclear	6,943 (8%)	7,000 (7%)	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Wind	1,093 (1%)	1,950 (2%)	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Hydro	452 (1%)	507 (1%)	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Solar	623 (1%)	983 (1%)	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Waste to energy	56 (0%)	58 (0%)	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Others ⁴	3,879 (4%)	3,150 (3%)	N/A	N/A	N/A	

- 1 Numbers have been subject to rounding. Any discrepancies between the total shown and the sum of the amounts listed are due to rounding.
- Capital investment includes: i) capital expenditure in fixed assets, right-of-use assets, investment property and intangible assets; ii) changes in investments and advances to joint ventures and associates; and iii) acquisitions of assets and/or businesses.
- 3 On an accrual basis.
- 4 Others include oil, other businesses outside of power generation, transmission, distribution and retail, as well as corporate or enterprise items.
- 5 Before unallocated expenses.
- 6 Operating earnings in 2022 and 2023 are aligned where fair value movements are excluded.

Economic value generated, distributed and retained

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Economic value generated (HK\$M)						GRI 201-1
Revenue	87,169	100,662	83,959	79,590	85,689	
Share of profits of non-wholly owned entities ¹	2,320	2,036	1,129	1,608	1,828	-
Economic value distributed (HK\$M)						
Fuel costs	20,491	26,603	18,506	15,753	16,712	
Other operating costs ²	44,010	59,505	39,922	35,774	48,654	
Staff expenses ³	4,749	4,668	5,107	4,844	4,535	
Finance costs ⁴	2,008	1,981	1,774	1,875	2,033	-
Dividends	7,832	7,832	7,832	7,832	7,782	
Taxes ⁵	1,709	1,649	1,720	2,529	2,189	•
Donations	9	10	15	27	21	•
Economic value retained (HK\$M) ⁶	8,681	450	10,212	12,564	5,591	-

- 1 Includes share of results (net of income tax) from joint ventures and associates netted with earnings attributable to other non-controlling interests, which represented CLP's share of economic value created together with its business partners.
- 2 Includes impairment provision/reversal and other charges. In particular, amount included impairment of energy retail goodwill of HK\$5,868 million and HK\$6,381 million in 2023 and 2019 respectively, loss on sale of subsidiaries of HK\$4,312 million in 2022 and litigation settlement of HK\$1,110 million in 2021.
- 3 Another HK\$1,673 million (2022: HK\$1,509 million) of staff costs incurred were capitalised.
- Finance costs are netted with finance income and include payments made to perpetual capital securities holders. In addition, finance costs of HK\$614 million (2022: HK\$466 million) were capitalised.

Economic value generated and distributed

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- 5 Represents current income tax but excludes deferred tax for the year.
- 6 Represents earnings attributable to shareholders (before depreciation, amortisation and deferred tax) for the year retained.

Climate change

Greenhouse gas emissions

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
CLP Group ¹						
Total CO ₂ e emissions – on an equity basis (kt) ^{2.3}	52,988	60,223	65,017	62,138	71,720	GRI 305-1, 305-2, 305-3/
Scope 1 (kt)⁴	38,163	44,141	47,690	45,105	50,047	HKEx A1.2/ SASB IF-
Scope 2 (kt)	229	220	236	244	250	EU-110a.1, IF-EU-110a.2/
Scope 3 (kt)	14,597	15,861	17,091	16,790	21,424	IFRS S2-29(a)
Category 1: Purchased goods and services	1,056	912	901	1,210	1,093	
Category 2: Capital goods	816	902	1,488	685	1,347	
Category 3: Fuel- and energy- related activities	11,053	12,046	12,733	12,690	16,671	SASB IF- EU-110a.2
Category 5: Waste generated in operations	46	56	80	63	101	
Category 6: Business travel	4	2	1	1	8	
Category 7: Employee commuting	4	5	4	2	4	
Category 11: Use of sold products	1,617	1,939	1,884	2,138	2,200	
CLP Group's generation and energy st	orage portfolio ^{3,4,5}					
CO ₂ – on an equity basis (kt) ⁶	38,051	44,019	47,574	44,987	N/A	GRI 305-1,
CO₂e – on an equity basis (kt) ⁶	38,241	44,235	47,813	N/A	N/A	305-2/ HKEx A1.2
CO ₂ – on an equity plus long- term capacity and energy purchase basis (kt) ⁷	42,216	48,074	51,674	48,621	N/A	
CO ₂ e – on an equity plus long- term capacity and energy purchase basis (kt) ⁷	42,439	48,323	51,941	N/A	N/A	
CO ₂ – on an operational control basis (kt) ^{6.8}	30,563	44,338	46,842	43,808	50,412	
CO₂e – on an operational control basis (kt) ^{6.8}	30,732	44,571	47,090	44,023	50,676	

- 1 Refers to a range of businesses, including generation and energy storage portfolio, transmission and distribution, retail and others.
- 2 Numbers have been subject to rounding. Any discrepancies between the total shown and the sum of the amounts listed are due to rounding.
- 3 Paguthan Power Station, the power purchase agreements of which expired in December 2018, was not included in the 2019-2023 numbers.
- 4 In accordance with the Greenhouse Gas Protocol, WE Station, which makes use of landfill gas from waste for power generation, is not included in CLP's Scope 1 CO₂ emissions and is reported separately in the Asset Performance Statistics. Its non-CO₂ GHG emissions (i.e. CH₄ and N₂O) are included in CLP's Scope 1CO₂e emissions.
- 5 Starting from 2020, the portfolio includes energy storage assets and generation assets. Energy storage assets include pumped storage and battery storage. In previous years, the portfolio included generation assets only.
- 6 Numbers include Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions.
- Numbers include Scope 1, Scope 2 and Scope 3 Category 3 emissions (direct emissions from generation of purchased electricity that is sold to CLP's customers).
- Apraava Energy ceased to be a subsidiary and is now accounted for as a joint venture. Apraava Energy is excluded in the figures for 2023, but included in figures for 2022 and prior years. Moreover, in November 2022, CLP sold its 70% interest in the coal-fired Fanchanggang Power Station, which has been excluded from CLP's reporting scope since then.

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Greenhouse gas emissions intensity

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
CLP Group – GHG emissions intensity of	of generation and	energy storage po	rtfolio ^{1,2,3}			
On an equity basis (kg CO₂e/kWh)⁴	0.62	0.63	0.65	0.66	0.71	GRI 305-4/
On an equity plus long-term capacity and energy purchase basis (kg CO ₂ e/kWh) ⁵	0.54	0.55	0.57	0.57	0.63	HKEx A1.2/ IFRS S2-33(a)
CLP Power Hong Kong – GHG emission	s intensity of elec	tricity sold ^{3,6}				
CO ₂ emissions intensity of electricity sold by CLP Power Hong Kong (kg CO ₂ /kWh)	0.39	0.39	0.39	0.37	0.49	
CO ₂ e emissions intensity of electricity sold by CLP Power Hong Kong (kg CO ₂ e/kWh)	0.39	0.39	0.39	0.37	0.50	

¹ Starting from 2020, the portfolio includes energy storage assets and generation assets. Energy storage assets include pumped storage and battery storage. In previous years, the portfolio included generation assets only.

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- 4 Numbers include Scope 1 and Scope 2 emissions.
- 5 Numbers include Scope 1, Scope 2 and Scope 3 Category 3 emissions (direct emissions from generation of purchased electricity that is sold to CLP's customers).
- 6 "Electricity sold" is the total electricity energy sold to CLP Power Hong Kong Limited's customers before the adjustment of Renewable Energy Certificates.

The 2023 data shaded in orange has been independently verified by KPMG. The assurance scope of past years' data can be found in previous sustainability reports.

Environment

Environmental compliance

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Environmental regulatory non- compliances resulting in fines or prosecutions (number) ^{1,2}	0	0	0	0	0	GRI 2-27
Environmental licence limit exceedances & other non-compliances (number) ^{1,2}	5	6	5	4	10	_

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Air pollutants

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Nitrogen oxides (NO _x) (kt) ^{1,2}	32.3	43.5	45.7	43.2	47.0	GRI 305-7/
Sulphur dioxide (SO ₂) (kt) ^{1,2}	40.6	48.9	52.7	48.0	44.7	HKEx A1.1/ SASB IF-
Particulates (kt) ^{1,2}	6.7	6.8	7.6	6.9	7.7	EU-120a.1

² Numbers include operating assets where CLP has operational control during the calendar year. Paguthan Power Station, the power purchase agreements of which expired in December 2018, was not included in the 2019-2023 numbers.

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	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Sulphur hexafluoride (SF ₆) (kt) ^{1,2}	0.004	0.003	0.004	0.003	N/A	
Mercury (t) ^{1,2}	0.22	0.52	0.31	N/A	N/A	SASB IF- EU-120a.1

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Waste

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Hazardous solid waste (t) ^{1,2,3}						
Produced	3,617	869	1,524	1,503	862	GRI 306-3/
Recycled	331	493	520	523	201	HKEx A1.3
Hazardous liquid waste (kl)1.2.3						
Produced	1,935	1,103	1,017	1,091	1,578	
Recycled	684	797	947	1,069	1,536	
Non-hazardous solid waste (t) ^{1,2,3}						
Produced	12,326	12,702	24,481	17,901	13,344	GRI 306-3/
Recycled	6,744	7,917	4,214	4,458	4,986	HKEx A1.4
Non-hazardous liquid waste (kl)¹.2.3						
Produced	0	23	65	3	59	
Recycled	0	23	65	3	57	
By-products ^{1,2}						
Ash produced (kt)	1,045	3,066⁴	3,403	2,624	3,032	SASB IF-
Ash recycled / sold (kt)	328	2,365	2,501	1,793	3,667	EU-150a.1
Gypsum produced (kt)	52	286	367	334	441	
Gypsum recycled / sold (kt)	61	280	365	335	438	

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Water

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Total water withdrawal (Mm³)¹.2.3	4,249.0	5,339.3	5,243.7	5,466.0	5,475.4	GRI 2.4, 303-3/
For cooling purpose						HKEx A2.2/ SASB IF-
Water withdrawal from freshwater resources	24.1	42.7	43.3	33.6	47.6	EU-140a.1

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Numbers include operating assets where CLP has operational control during the calendar year. Paguthan Power Station, the power purchase agreements of which expired in December 2018, was not included in the 2019-2023 numbers.

Waste categorised in accordance with local regulations.

⁴ Restated as per updated data for Mount piper in Australia.

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	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Water withdrawal from marine water resources	4,217.4	5,287.0	5,190.3	5,421.7	5,415.4	
For non-cooling purposes						
Water withdrawal from freshwater resources	2.0	4.6	5.3	5.7	5.8	
Water withdrawal from municipal sources	5.4	5.0	4.8	4.9	6.7	
Total freshwater withdrawal from water stressed areas	0.01	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	SASB IF- EU-140a.1
Total water discharge (Mm³)1,2,3	4,240.3	5,310.9	5,205.4	5,438.6	5,433.2	GRI 2.4, 303-4
From cooling process						
Treated wastewater to freshwater bodies	0	0	0	0	0	
Water discharge to marine water bodies	4,217.4	5,287.0	5,190.3	5,421.7	5,415.4	
Wastewater to other destinations	0	0	0	0	0	
From non-cooling processes						
Treated wastewater to freshwater bodies	19.7	21.0	11.9	13.7	14.4	
Treated wastewater to marine water bodies	1.7	1.6	1.3	1.5	1.7	
Wastewater to other destinations	1.5	1.3	1.9	1.6	1.7	
Wastewater to sewerage	0.03	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.03	
Total freshwater consumption of CLP Group's power generation (Mm³) ¹	12.0	31.3	41.5	N/A	N/A	GRI 303-5/ SASB IF- EU-140a.1
Total freshwater consumption under water stressed areas (Mm³)¹	0.01	16.5	17.2	N/A	N/A	SASB IF- EU-140a.1
Freshwater intensity						
Freshwater intensity of CLP Group's power generation (m³/MWh)¹.²	0.28	0.52	0.66	0.51	0.74	
Freshwater reused/recycled						
Freshwater reused/recycled volume (Mm³)¹.²	786	756	838	736	686	

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³ Numbers have been subject to rounding. Any discrepancies between the total shown and the sum of the amounts listed are due to rounding.

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Customers

Customer portfolio and electricity delivered- CLP Power Hong Kong Limited

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Total Hong Kong customers (number)	2,789,644	2,752,071	2,711,421	2,671,836	2,636,408	GRI EU3/ SASB IF- EU-000.A
Residential	2,439,557	2,407,225	2,369,217	2,333,901	2,301,200	
Commercial	214,616	212,251	210,821	208,150	206,792	
Infrastructure and Public Services	118,548	115,404	113,956	112,245	110,841	
Manufacturing	16,923	17,191	17,427	17,540	17,575	
Total electricity delivered (GWh)	35,392	34,824	35,355	33,963	34,284	GRI EU3/
Residential	9,929	10,113	10,525	10,298	9,451	SASB IF- EU-000.B
Commercial	13,673	13,233	13,423	12,878	13,584	
Infrastructure and Public Services	10,196	9,863	9,742	9,171	9,586	
Manufacturing	1,594	1,615	1,665	1,616	1,663	

Customer portfolio- EnergyAustralia

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Total Australian customers (number)	2,441,460	2,462,537	2,442,683	2,449,401	2,480,781	GRI EU3
Commercial and Industrial	3,870	8,740 ¹	7,208	8,962	12,599	
Mass market	2,437,590	2,453,797	2,435,475	2,440,439	2,468,182	

¹ The number was restated due to classification updates.

Availabilty and reliability- CLP Power Hong Kong Limited

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
System Average Interruption Frequency Index [SAIFI] ¹	0.27	0.27	0.21	0.19	0.17	SASB IF- EU-550a.2
System Average Interruption Duration Index [SAIDI] (hours) ¹	0.29	0.30	0.23	0.39	0.42	
Unplanned Customer Minutes Lost [CML] (minutes)¹	5.98	5.69	0.99	9.77²	10.13³	

¹ The numbers are derived by calculating the average of data from the most recent three years. For example, the figures under year 2023 are the 3-year averages

² The 2018-2020 average would have been about 0.9 minutes without the severe impact of Mangkhut in September 2018.

³ The 2017-2019 average would have been about 1.3 minutes without the severe impact of Mangkhut in September 2018.

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Access to electricity- CLP Power Hong Kong Limited

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Total disconnections for Hong Kong retail businesses (number) ^{1,2,3}	6,520	4,859	4,943	4,999	4,643	
0 - 2 days	115	144	105	98	4,333	
3 - 7 days	721	739	796	506	170	
8 - 31 days	2,304	1,817	2,251	2,274	101	
≥ 32 days	3,380	2,159	1,791	2,121	39	•

- 1 It refers to the disconnection orders completed due to heavily overdue payment.
- 2 It refers to the number of days required from the issuance of the disconnection orders to the completion of the disconnection orders.
- 3 It includes residential and commercial & industrial businesses.

Fuel use

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Coal consumed (for power generation) (TJ) ^{1,2,3}	250,177	394,274	426,190	403,379	485,453	GRI 302-1/ HKEx A2.1
Gas consumed (for power generation) (TJ)1.2.3	146,370	151,327	142,304	134,776	107,183	-
Oil consumed (for power generation) (TJ) ^{1,2,3}	2,854	2,936	2,717	2,243	2,620	-

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Generation and energy storage capacity

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/
On an equity basis						SASB/IFRS
Total generation and energy storage capacity by asset type (MW(%)) ^{1,2}	18,123 (100%)	17,970 (100%)	20,018 (100%)	19,691 (100%)	19,238 (100%)	GRI EU 1
Coal	8,486 (46.8%)	8,486 (47.2%)	10,795 (53.9%)	10,765 (54.7%)	10,765 (56.0%)	
Gas	4,938 (27.2%)	4,934 (27.5%)	4,666 (23.3%)	4,600 (23.4%)	4,194 (21.8%)	
Nuclear	1,600 (8.8%)	1,600 (8.9%)	1,600 (8.0%)	1,600 (8.1%)	1,600 (8.3%)	
Wind ³	1,827 (10.1%)	1,680 (9.3%)	1,747 (8.7%)	1,521 (7.7%)	1,521 (7.9%)	
Hydro ³	489 (2.7%)	489 (2.7%)	489 (2.4%)	489 (2.5%)	489 (2.5%)	
Solar³	548 (3.0%)	554 (3.1%)	499 (2.5%)	499 (2.5%)	451 (2.3%)	
Waste-to-energy³	7 (0.0%)	7 (0.0%)	7 (0.0%)	7 (0.0%)	7 (0.0%)	
Energy storage	18 (0.1%)	10 (0.1%)	5 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	N/A	
Others	210 (1.2%)	210 (1.2%)	210 (1.0%)	210 (1.1%)	210 (1.1%)	

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	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019			
On an equity plus long-term capacity and energy purchase basis								
Total generation and energy storage capacity by asset type (MW(%)) ^{1,2}	23,291 (100%)	23,068 (100%)	25,108 (100%)	24,752 (100%)	24,015 (100%)			
Coal	9,719 (41.7%)	9,719 (42.1%)	12,027 (47.9%)	11,997 (48.5%)	11,997 (50.0%)			
Gas	6,093 (26.2%)	6,089 (26.4%)	5,813 (23.2%)	5,717 (23.1%)	5,139 (21.4%)			
Nuclear	2,685 (11.5%)	2,685 (11.6%)	2,685 (10.7%)	2,685 (10.8%)	2,685 (11.2%)			
Wind ⁴	2,391 (10.3%)	2,264 (9.8%)	2,331 (9.3%)	2,105 (8.5%)	2,049 (8.5%)			
Hydro⁴	489 (2.1%)	489 (2.1%)	489 (1.9%)	489 (2.0%)	489 (2.0%)			
Solar⁴	842 (3.6%)	848 (3.7%)	793 (3.2%)	793 (3.2%)	745 (3.1%)			
Waste-to-energy ⁴	10 (0.0%)	10 (0.0%)	10 (0.0%)	10 (0.0%)	10 (0.0%)			
Energy storage	763 (3.3%)	665 (2.9%)	660 (2.6%)	655 (2.6%)	N/A			
Others	300 (1.3%)	300 (1.3%)	300 (1.2%)	300 (1.2%)	900 (3.7%)			

¹ Numbers have been subject to rounding. Any discrepancies between the total shown and the sum of the amounts listed are due to rounding.

Energy sent out

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
On an equity basis						
Total energy sent out by asset type (GWh(%)) ^{1,2,3}	62,052 (100%)	69,726 (100%)	73,113 (100%)	68,699 (100%)	70,949 (100%)	GRI EU 2/ HKEX A2.1/
Coal	30,364 (48.9%)	37,031 (53.1%)	42,002 (57.4%)	39,438 (57.4%)	44,596 (62.9%)	SASB IF- EU-000.D/
Gas	13,817 (22.3%)	14,435 (20.7%)	13,233 (18.1%)	12,390 (18.0%)	9,979 (14.1%)	
Nuclear	12,128 (19.5%)	12,346 (17.7%)	12,302 (16.8%)	11,192 (16.3%)	10,888 (15.3%)	
Wind⁴	3,164 (5.1%)	3,146 (4.5%)	2,959 (4.0%)	2,886 (4.2%)	2,924 (4.1%)	
Hydro⁴	1,626 (2.6%)	1,835 (2.6%)	1,668 (2.3%)	1,879 (2.7%)	1,758 (2.5%)	
Solar ⁴	920 (1.5%)	901 (1.3%)	922 (1.3%)	898 (1.3%)	805 (1.1%)	
Waste-to-energy⁴	32 (0.1%)	29 (0.0%)	27 (0.0%)	15 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	
Energy storage	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	N/A	
Others	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	1 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	
On an equity plus long-term capacity a	and energy purcha	se basis				
Total energy sent out by asset type (GWh(%)) ^{1,2,3}	79,512 (100%)	87,360 (100%)	91,183 (100%)	85,949 (100%)	88,573 (100%)	
Coal	32,418 (40.8%)	39,027 (44.7%)	43,995 (48.2%)	41,118 (47.8%)	48,512 (54.8%)	
Gas	19,203 (24.2%)	19,507 (22.3%)	18,461 (20.2%)	17,157 (20.0%)	13,073 (14.8%)	
Nuclear	20,098 (25.3%)	20,836 (23.9%)	20,962 (23.0%)	19,923 (23.2%)	19,400 (21.9%)	
Wind⁵	4,688 (5.9%)	4,709 (5.4%)	4,611 (5.1%)	4,445 (5.2%)	4,474 (5.0%)	

² Starting from 2020, a new "Energy Storage" asset category is added, under which pumped storage and battery storage are included. In previous years, assets under the "Others" category included oil-fired generation assets and pumped storage.

³ Renewables include wind, hydro, solar and waste-to-energy. The total capacity of renewables on an equity basis is 2,871 MW (15.8%) in 2023.
4 Renewables include wind, hydro, solar and waste-to-energy. The total capacity of renewables on an equity plus long-term capacity and energy purchase basis is 3,732 MW (16.0%) in 2023.

GHG accounting methodology

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKE SASB/IFI
Hydro⁵	1,626 (2.0%)	1,835 (2.1%)	1,668 (1.8%)	1,879 (2.2%)	1,758 (2.0%)	
Solar ⁵	1,480 (1.9%)	1,472 (1.7%)	1,524 (1.7%)	1,522 (1.8%)	1,467 (1.7%)	
Waste-to-energy⁵	45 (0.1%)	42 (0.0%)	38 (0.0%)	22 (0.0%)	0 (0.0%)	
Energy storage	-46(-0.1%)	-69 (-0.1%)	-75 (-0.1%)	-118 (-0.1%)	N/A	
Others	1 (0.0%)	2 (0.0%)	1 (0.0%)	1 (0.0%)	-109 (-0.1%)	
On an operational control basis						
Total energy sent out (GWh) ^{3,6}	43,073	60,475	62,967	58,918	N/A	

- 1 Numbers have been subject to rounding. Any discrepancies between the total shown and the sum of the amounts listed are due to rounding.
- 2 Starting from 2020, a new "Energy Storage" asset category has been added, under which pumped storage and battery storage are included. In previous years, assets under the "Others" category included oil-fired generation assets and pumped storage.
- 3 Paguthan Power Station, the power purchase agreements of which expired in December 2018, was not included in the 2019-2023 number.
- 4 Renewables include wind, hydro, solar and waste-to-energy. The total sent out of renewables on an equity basis is 5,743 GWh (9.3%) in 2023.
- 5 Renewables include wind, hydro, solar and waste-to-energy. The total sent out of renewables on an equity plus long-term capacity and energy purchase basis is
- 6 Apraava Energy ceased to be a subsidiary and is now accounted for as a joint venture. Apraava Energy is excluded in the figures for 2023, but included in figures for 2022 and prior years. Moreover, in November 2022, CLP sold its 70% interest in the coal-fired Fanchanggang Power Station, which has been excluded from CLP's reporting scope since then.

Customer satisfaction - CLP Power Hong Kong Limited

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Customer satisfaction score						
CLP	74	72	73	74	72	
All public utilities in the energy sector	74	73	74	74	73	
Public service organisations	74	73	73	74	73	

Customer satisfaction - EnergyAustralia

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Customer service						
Calls handled by EnergyAustralia (number)	1,537,970	1,418,676	1,440,277	1,696,233	1,856,845	
Complaints received by EnergyAustralia (number)	16,594	13,259	14,643	17,049	20,937	

The 2023 data shaded in orange has been independently verified by KPMG. The assurance scope of past years' data can be found in previous sustainability reports.

Our people

Employee headcount and type

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Group total ¹						
Total employee headcount (number)	8,041	8,318	8,116	8,060	7,960	

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	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Full-time (number)	7,882	8,154	7,930	7,865	7,754	
Part-time (number)	159	164	186	195	206	
Permanent (average %)	85.4	85.7	87.0	87.6	87.8	
Fixed-term contract (average %)	14.6	14.3	13.0	12.4	12.2	
Hong Kong						
Total employee headcount (number)	5,163	4,954	4,771	4,689	4,604	GRI 2-7/
Full-time (number)	5,158	4,948	4,770	4,688	4,603	HKEx B1.1
Part-time (number)	5	6	1	1	1	
Permanent (average %)	83.0	81.4	83.5	85.1	85.4	
Fixed-term contract (average %)	17.0	18.6	16.5	14.9	14.6	
Mainland China						
Total employee headcount (number)	702	663	627	609	607	
Full-time (number)	702	663	627	609	607	
Part-time (number)	0	0	0	0	0	
Permanent (average %)	70.1	75.2	75.6	75.3	71.6	
Fixed-term contract (average %)	29.9	24.8	24.4	24.7	28.4	
Australia						
Total employee headcount (number)	2,176	2,251	2,281	2,320	2,280	
Full-time (number)	2,022	2,093	2,096	2,126	2,075	
Part-time (number)	154	158	185	194	205	
Permanent (average %)	95.9	95.6	95.1	94.0	94.5	
Fixed-term contract (average %)	4.1	4.4	4.9	6.0	5.5	
India ¹						
Total employee headcount (number)	N/A	450	437	442	469	
Full-time (number)	N/A	450	437	442	469	
Part-time (number)	N/A	0	0	0	0	
Permanent (average %)	N/A	96.3	97.4	98.4	98.8	
Fixed-term contract (average %)	N/A	3.7	2.6	1.6	1.2	

¹ Apraava Energy ceased to be a subsidiary and is now accounted for as a joint venture. Apraava Energy is excluded in the figures for 2023, but included in figures for 2022 and prior years.

Contractor FTE and type

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Group total (full-time equivalent) ^{1,2}						
Total contractor	8,081.6	10,519.4	9,911.3	9,707.7	11,123.9	
Labour supply ³	1,066.6	1,157.2	1,329.9	1,423.9	1,573.0	
Service contractor⁴	7,014.9	9,362.2	8,581.5	8,283.8	9,550.9	

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	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS	
Hong Kong (full-time equivalent) ²						GRI 2-8	
Total contractor	5,784.3	5,434.0	5,202.8	4,949.9	6,372.6		
Labour supply ³	904.1	970.2	1,153.5	1,261.8	1,309.0		
Service contractor⁴	4,880.1	4,463.9	4,049.3	3,688.1	5,063.6		
Mainland China (full- time equivalent) ²							
Total contractor	558.8	331.2	576.0	361.2	363.2		
Labour supply ³	24.0	24.0	23.5	13.8	13.0		
Service contractor ⁴	534.8	307.2	552.5	347.4	350.2		
Australia (full-time equivalent) ²							
Total contractor	1,738.5	1,301.5	1,368.0	1,926.5	1,856.2		
Labour supply ³	138.5	107.5	101.1	83.1	172.5		
Service contractor⁴	1,600.0	1,194.0	1,266.9	1,843.4	1,683.7		
India (full-time equivalent) ^{1,2}	India (full-time equivalent) ^{1,2}						
Total contractor	N/A	3,452.6	2,764.6	2,470.1	2,531.9		
Labour supply ³	N/A	55.5	51.8	65.2	78.5		
Service contractor ⁴	N/A	3,397.1	2,712.8	2,404.9	2,453.4		

¹ Apraava Energy ceased to be a subsidiary and is now accounted for as a joint venture. Apraava Energy is excluded in the figures for 2023, but included in figures

- Numbers have been subject to rounding. Any discrepancies between the total shown and the sum of the amounts listed are due to rounding.
 Labour supply refers to manpower supplied by contractor companies under labour supply agreements. Reporting is based on quarterly averages.
 Estimated service contractor full-time equivalent (FTE) is calculated based on the number of man-hours incurred and market-specific average working hours.

Total staff turnover rate

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Hong Kong (%)	10.8	11.7	N/A	N/A	N/A	GRI 401-1/
By age group						HKEx B1.2
Below 30	10.9	12.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	
30-39	12.0	10.6	N/A	N/A	N/A	
40-49	7.8	8.7	N/A	N/A	N/A	
50 and above	11.9	14.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	
By gender						
Male	10.1	11.3	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Female	13.3	13.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Mainland China (%)	7.0	5.4	N/A	N/A	N/A	
By age group						
Below 30	6.3	9.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	
30-39	6.3	4.3	N/A	N/A	N/A	
40-49	4.5	0.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	

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	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
50 and above	11.8	10.7	N/A	N/A	N/A	
By gender						
Male	7.6	5.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Female	4.1	7.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Australia (%)	19.1	24.8	N/A	N/A	N/A	
By age group						
Below 30	31.6	24.8	N/A	N/A	N/A	
30-39	20.2	25.9	N/A	N/A	N/A	
40-49	18.3	26.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	
50 and above	13.0	21.3	N/A	N/A	N/A	
By gender						
Male	18.1	23.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Female	20.5	27.1	N/A	N/A	N/A	
India (%)¹	N/A	12.9	N/A	N/A	N/A	
By age group						
Below 30	N/A	37.5	N/A	N/A	N/A	
30-39	N/A	12.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	
40-49	N/A	13.0	N/A	N/A	N/A	
50 and above	N/A	6.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	
By gender						
Male	N/A	12.8	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Female	N/A	13.7	N/A	N/A	N/A	

¹ Apraava Energy ceased to be a subsidiary and is now accounted for as a joint venture. Apraava Energy is excluded in the figures for 2023, but included in figures for 2022 and prior years.

Voluntary staff turnover rate

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Hong Kong (%) ^{1,2}	5.4	6.6	4.6	3.1	2.4	GRI 401-1/
By age group						HKEx B1.2
Below 30	8.2	8.1	7.4	6.3	4.4	
30-39	8.9	9.1	5.6	4.3	4.9	
40-49	5.4	7.2	5.2	2.6	1.9	
50 and above	1.7	4.1	3.0	1.8	1.1	
By gender						
Male	4.5	5.7	4.4	2.5	1.8	
Female	8.4	9.8	5.4	5.4	4.9	•

Serving Our Stakeholders

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	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Mainland China (%)¹²	2.6	2.3	2.3	1.3	2.0
By age group					
Below 30	6.3	8.3	6.7	1.4	8.4
30-39	5.0	3.4	1.9	2.9	1.9
40-49	0.0	0.0	2.5	0.5	0.5
50 and above	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
By gender					
Male	2.7	2.4	2.1	1.4	2.4
Female	2.5	1.8	2.9	0.9	0.0
Australia (%)¹.²	15.2	18.8	16.1	7.7	12.9
By age group					
Below 30	27.7	21.4	25.5	13.6	19.3
30-39	17.6	22.0	19.0	7.4	14.2
40-49	13.1	17.9	11.2	6.2	11.5
50 and above	9.8	13.0	13.1	7.1	8.3
By gender					
Male	14.2	17.6	16.4	7.1	12.6
Female	16.8	20.5	15.7	8.5	13.4
India (%) ^{1,2,3}	N/A	10.6	6.9	4.7	6.6
By age group					
Below 30	N/A	29.5	12.5	5.6	7.4
30-39	N/A	10.6	7.5	5.7	9.3
40-49	N/A	10.4	4.8	4.7	2.9
50 and above	N/A	3.4	5.1	0.0	0.0
By gender					
Male	N/A	10.4	6.6	4.3	6.4
Female	N/A	12.0	9.4	7.4	7.5

 $^{1\ \} Voluntary\ staff\ turnover\ refers\ to\ employees\ leaving\ the\ organisation\ voluntarily\ and\ does\ not\ include\ dismissal,\ retirement,\ company-initiated\ termination\ or\ end$ of contract.

New hire

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Group total (number)¹	1,168	1,415	1,029	711	857	GRI 401-1
By age group						_
Below 30	461	667	342	237	309	-

² Includes permanent employees only, except for Mainland China where both permanent and fixed-term contract employees are included due to local employment legislation.

³ Apraava Energy ceased to be a subsidiary and is now accounted for as a joint venture. Apraava Energy is excluded in the figures for 2023, but included in figures for 2022 and prior years.

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	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
30-39	410	457	402	241	300
40-49	202	197	204	145	158
50 and above	95	94	81	88	90
By gender					
Male	794	930	686	515	552
Female	374	485	343	196	305
Hong Kong (number)	747	731	524	408	348
By age group					
Below 30	337	308	208	172	157
30-39	256	265	187	125	121
40-49	117	109	93	69	48
50 and above	37	49	36	42	22
By gender					
Male	516	504	368	308	239
Female	231	227	156	100	109
Mainland China (number)	75	71	45	29	43
By age group					
Below 30	31	27	24	10	16
30-39	31	35	16	10	25
40-49	11	9	4	8	2
50 and above	2	0	1	1	0
By gender					
Male	62	50	37	25	36
Female	13	21	8	4	7
Australia (number)	346	543	433	255	423
By age group					
Below 30	93	298	106	53	116
30-39	123	126	182	93	138
40-49	74	76	103	67	104
50 and above	56	43	42	42	65
By gender					
Male	216	323	260	166	242
Female	130	220	173	89	181
India (number)¹	N/A	70	27	19	43
By age group					
Below 30	N/A	34	4	2	20
30-39	N/A	31	17	13	16

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	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
40-49	N/A	3	4	1	4	
50 and above	N/A	2	2	3	3	•
By gender						
Male	N/A	53	21	16	35	•
Female	N/A	17	6	3	8	

¹ Apraava Energy ceased to be a subsidiary and is now accounted for as a joint venture. Apraava Energy is excluded in the figures for 2023, but included in figures for 2022 and prior years.

Employees eligible to retire within the next five years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Group total (%) ^{1,2}	14.3	14.1	14.6	14.5	13.9	GRI EU15
Hong Kong (%) ²	17.3	18.8	20.1	20.4	19.5	
Mainland China (%) ²	15.9	15.7	15.1	13.4	14.5	
Australia (%)²	7.8	6.7	6.6	5.7	5.4	
India (%) ^{1,2}	N/A	5.5	5.0	5.1	4.8	

¹ Apraava Energy ceased to be a subsidiary and is now accounted for as a joint venture. Apraava Energy is excluded in the figures for 2023, but included in figures for 2022 and prior years.

Technical trainees intake

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Group total (number) ¹	106	132	89	79	75	
Male	84	100	71	68	64	
Female	22	32	18	11	11	
Hong Kong (number)	95	94	66	66	61	
Male	76	79	52	58	51	
Female	19	15	14	8	10	
Mainland China (number)	0	3	0	0	4	
Male	0	2	0	0	4	
Female	0	1	0	0	0	
Australia (number)	11	18	17	13	10	
Male	8	12	16	10	9	
Female	3	6	1	3	1	
India (number)¹	N/A	17	6	0	0	
Male	N/A	7	3	0	0	
Female	N/A	10	3	0	0	

¹ Apraava Energy ceased to be a subsidiary and is now accounted for as a joint venture. Apraava Energy is excluded in the figures for 2023, but included in figures for 2022 and prior years.

² The percentages given refer to permanent employees within each region, who are eligible to retire within the next five years.

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Average training hours per employee

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Group total (hours)¹	44.1	46.2	51.6	42.5	40.1	GRI 404-1/
By gender (hours)						HKEx B3.2
Male	51.4	53.6	58.2	47.7	44.8	
Female	24.4	26.0	33.3	27.6	26.8	
By professional category (hours)						
Managerial	27.2	23.0	29.5	26.8	26.0	
Professional	32.5	33.5	41.2	34.9	35.0	
General & technical staff	59.6	63.9	65.8	52.2	47.1	
By region (hours)						
Hong Kong	52.0	56.3	60.8	49.5	47.6	
Mainland China	72.3	85.6	77.8	66.8	66.1	•
Australia	16.9	11.1	26.8	23.2	22.1	•
India¹	N/A	62.1	48.8	33.8	23.2	•

¹ Apraava Energy ceased to be a subsidiary and is now accounted for as a joint venture. Apraava Energy is excluded in the figures for 2023, but included in figures for 2022 and prior years.

Percentage of employees trained

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Hong Kong (%)	97.8	99.1	97.8	98.4	92.3	HKEx B3.1
By gender						
Male	98.3	99.4	98.4	98.4	94.9	
Female	96.1	98.2	95.3	98.7	82.2	
By professional category						
Managerial	93.1	94.6	90.6	96.0	80.6	
Professional	97.0	99.3	97.8	99.2	93.1	
General & technical staff	99.3	99.6	98.7	98.1	93.1	
Mainland China (%)	99.3	95.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	
By gender						
Male	99.1	97.1	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Female	100.0	90.5	100.0	100.0	100.0	
By professional category						
Managerial	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Professional	98.7	92.4	100.0	100.0	100.0	
General & technical staff	99.7	98.3	100.0	100.0	100.0	

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	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Australia (%)	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
By gender						•
Male	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Female	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
By professional category						
Managerial	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
Professional	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
General & technical staff	99.9	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
India (%)¹	N/A	94.2	95.9	69.9	81.4	
By gender						
Male	N/A	94.1	95.6	70.4	80.9	
Female	N/A	95.2	98.1	66.0	85.5	
By professional category						
Managerial	N/A	86.8	96.8	58.6	87.9	
Professional	N/A	95.7	95.1	74.9	86.3	-
General & technical staff	N/A	94.1	96.7	66.2	66.4	-

¹ Apraava Energy ceased to be a subsidiary and is now accounted for as a joint venture. Apraava Energy is excluded in the figures for 2023, but included in figures for 2022 and prior years.

Gender distribution of Group Executive Committee (GEC) members

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Male (%) ¹	83.3	73.3	69.2	64.3	64.3	GRI 405-1
Female (%)¹	16.7	26.7	30.8	35.7	35.7	

¹ Includes Executive Director (Chief Executive Officer).

Gender distribution of employees

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Group total (%)¹.²						
Male	72.8	73.3	73.7	74.0	74.0	
Female	27.2	26.7	26.3	26.0	26.0	
Hong Kong (%)						
Male	76.7	77.3	78.3	79.3	79.4	
Female	23.3	22.7	21.7	20.7	20.6	
Mainland China (%)						
Male	81.9	82.5	83.6	82.9	82.5	
Female	18.1	17.5	16.4	17.1	17.5	

O Serving Our Stakeholders

Economic value generated and distributed

ESG data table

GHG accounting methodology

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Australia (%)²	·					
Male	60.6	59.4	58.7	58.4	57.9	
Female	39.4	40.6	41.3	41.6	42.1	
India (%)¹						
Male	N/A	86.0	87.6	88.0	88.3	
Female	N/A	14.0	12.4	12.0	11.7	

¹ Apraava Energy ceased to be a subsidiary and is now accounted for as a joint venture. Apraava Energy is excluded in the figures for 2023, but included in figures for 2022 and prior years.

Gender distribution by region and professional category

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Hong Kong (%)						
Managerial - male	74.0	72.0	71.1	74.4	75.7	
Managerial - female	26.0	28.0	28.9	25.6	24.3	
Professional - male	72.8	73.2	74.5	75.7	75.2	
Professional - female	27.2	26.8	25.5	24.3	24.8	
General & technical staff - male	81.4	82.3	83.1	83.3	83.5	
General & technical staff - female	18.6	17.7	16.9	16.7	16.5	
Mainland China (%)						
Managerial - male	76.9	76.0	77.8	84.8	78.9	
Managerial - female	23.1	24.0	22.2	15.2	21.1	
Professional - male	80.4	82.7	85.0	84.3	85.2	
Professional - female	19.6	17.3	15.0	15.7	14.8	
General & technical staff - male	83.5	82.8	82.9	81.9	81.0	
General & technical staff - female	16.5	17.2	17.1	18.1	19.0	
Australia (%)						
Managerial - male	62.1	62.9	61.4	63.8	68.6	
Managerial - female	37.9	37.1	38.6	36.3	31.4	
Professional - male	57.3	56.6	56.8	55.9	54.5	
Professional - female	42.7	43.4	43.2	44.1	45.5	
General & technical staff - male	65.0	62.7	61.1	61.4	61.0	
General & technical staff - female	35.0	37.3	38.9	38.6	39.0	
India (%)¹						
Managerial - male	N/A	89.5	90.3	89.7	90.9	
Managerial - female	N/A	10.5	9.7	10.3	9.1	
Professional - male	N/A	89.5	90.2	91.2	89.1	
Professional - female	N/A	10.5	9.8	8.8	10.9	

² Data of other gender identities is tracked. It is statistically insignificant and is not separately disclosed.

ESG data table

GHG accounting methodology

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
General & technical staff - male	N/A	81.7	84.1	84.3	84.9	
General & technical staff - female	N/A	18.3	15.9	15.7	15.1	

¹ Apraava Energy ceased to be a subsidiary and is now accounted for as a joint venture. Apraava Energy is excluded in the figures for 2023, but included in figures for 2022 and prior years.

Gender diversity targets

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Women in Leadership (%)1.2	29.1	29.1	30.5	27.3	24.2	_
Women in Engineering (%) ^{1,3}	13.3	13.0	12.3	11.5	11.4	

¹ Apraava Energy ceased to be a subsidiary and is now accounted for as a joint venture. Apraava Energy is excluded in the figures for 2023, but included in figures for 2022 and prior years.

Employee age distribution

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Group total (%) ^{1,2}						
Below 30	15.4	14.7	12.8	13.1	13.6	
30-39	30.6	31.5	30.6	29.7	29.3	
40-49	25.3	25.4	26.5	26.2	26.2	
50 and above	28.8	28.4	30.2	31.0	30.9	
Hong Kong (%)						
Below 30	17.2	16.3	14.0	13.8	13.6	
30-39	29.0	27.4	25.5	23.6	22.7	
40-49	22.9	23.8	24.5	24.6	25.4	
50 and above	30.9	32.5	36.0	38.0	38.3	
Mainland China (%)						
Below 30	15.1	13.6	13.2	12.5	14.0	
30-39	34.5	35.7	33.8	33.8	34.6	
40-49	28.5	28.1	30.0	32.7	32.1	
50 and above	21.9	22.6	23.0	21.0	19.3	
Australia (%)²						
Below 30	11.1	12.5	11.4	12.6	13.4	
30-39	33.1	34.9	35.9	36.6	37.1	
40-49	29.9	28.7	29.8	28.1	26.6	
50 and above	25.8	23.9	22.9	22.7	22.9	
India (%)¹						
Below 30	N/A	8.9	5.7	10.2	14.9	

² Leadership positions are defined as positions at Korn Ferry Reference Level 19 and above.

³ Employees with a bachelors' degree or above qualification in engineering.

ESG data table

GHG accounting methodology

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
30-39	N/A	54.0	54.2	51.8	49.0	
40-49	N/A	22.7	25.0	24.2	23.9	
50 and above	N/A	14.4	15.1	13.8	12.2	

¹ Apraava Energy ceased to be a subsidiary and is now accounted for as a joint venture. Apraava Energy is excluded in the figures for 2023, but included in figures for 2022 and prior years.

Employee average length of service

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Number of years						
Hong Kong	13.2	14.1	15.4	16.3	16.8	
Mainland China	11.8	12.1	12.3	12.0	11.4	
Australia	7.9	7.6	7.4	7.1	5.2	
India ¹	N/A	8.1	8.1	7.6	7.2	

¹ Apraava Energy ceased to be a subsidiary and is now accounted for as a joint venture. Apraava Energy is excluded in the figures for 2023, but included in figures for 2022 and prior years.

Group safety performance

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Employees ^{1,2}						
Fatalities (number of personnel) ^{3,4}	0	0	0	0	0	GRI 403-2/ HKEx B2.1
Fatality Rate (number per 200,000 work hours) ^{5,6}	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	GRI 403-2/ HKEx B2.1/ SASB IF- EU-320a.1
Days Away From Work Injuries (number of personnel) ^{4,7}	2	6	4	12	7	GRI 403-2
Lost Time Injury Rate (number per 200,000 work hours) ^{6,8}	0.03	0.07	0.05	0.13	0.07	
High-consequence Injuries (number of personnel) ⁹	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	GRI 403-9
Total Recordable Injury Rate (number per 200,000 work hours) ^{6,10}	0.13	0.17	0.14	0.25	0.19	GRI 403-2/ SASB IF- EU-320a.1
Work-related III Health (number of personnel) ^{4,11}	3	4	1	0	0	GRI 403-10/ HKEx B2.1
Lost Days (number of days)¹²	125	176	304	443	464	GRI 403-2/ HKEx B2.2
Contractors ^{1,2}						
Fatalities (number of personnel) ^{3,4}	0	0	0	0	1	GRI 403-2/ HKEx B2.1

² Numbers has been subject to rounding.

and distributed

Stakeholders

ESG data table

GHG accounting methodology

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Fatality Rate (number per 200,000 work hours) ^{5.6}	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.01	GRI 403-2/ HKEx B2.1/ SASB IF- EU-320a.1
Days Away From Work Injuries (number of personnel) ^{4,7}	8	15	10	10	19	GRI 403-2
Lost Time Injury Rate (number per 200,000 work hours) ^{6,8}	0.09	0.11	0.08	0.09	0.14	
High-consequence Injuries (number of personnel)9	1	2	1	N/A	N/A	GRI 403-9
Total Recordable Injury Rate (number per 200,000 work hours) ^{6,10}	0.22	0.31	0.29	0.37	0.52	GRI 403-2/ SASB IF- EU-320a.1
Employees and contractors combined ^{1,2}						
Fatalities (number of personnel) ^{3,4}	0	0	0	0	1	GRI 403-2/ HKEx B2.1
Fatality Rate (number per 200,000 work hours) ^{5,6}	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	GRI 403-2/ HKEx B2.1/ SASB IF- EU-320a.1
Days Away From Work Injuries (number of personnel) ^{4,7}	10	21	14	22	26	GRI 403-2
Lost Time Injury Rate (number per 200,000 work hours) ^{6,8}	0.06	0.10	0.07	0.11	0.11	
High-consequence Injuries (number of personnel) ⁹	1	2	1	N/A	N/A	GRI 403-9
Total Recordable Injury Rate (number per 200,000 work hours) ^{6,10}	0.18	0.25	0.23	0.32	0.38	GRI 403-2/ SASB IF- EU-320a.1

- Apraava Energy ceased to be a subsidiary and is now accounted for as a joint venture. Apraava Energy is excluded in the figures for 2023, but included in figures for 2022 and prior years. Moreover, in November 2022, CLP sold its 70% interest in the coal-fired Fanchanggang Power Station, which has been excluded from CLP's reporting scope since then.
- 2 The system of rules applied in recording and reporting accident statistics complies with the International Labour Organization (ILO) Code of Practice on Recording and Notification of Occupational Accidents and Diseases.
- 3 Refers to the number of fatalities as a result of work-related injury.
- 4 Starting from 2021, the unit is changed from the number of cases to the number of personnel.
- 5 Refers to the number of fatal injuries per 200,000 work hours in the year.
- 6 Rates are normalised to 200,000 work hours, which approximately equals to the number of hours worked by 100 people in one year.
- 7 Starting from 2021, "Days Away From Work Injuries" replaces "Lost Time Injury". Days Away From Work Injuries refers to the number of personnel who sustain a work-related injury and are unfit to perform any work on any day after the occurrence of the injury. "Any day" is any calendar day which includes rest days, weekend days, leave days, public holidays or days after ceasing employment. It does not include the day the injury incident occurred. "Days Away From Work Injuries" excludes fatalities which were included in "Lost Time Injury". Numbers prior to 2021 are the previously reported numbers for "Lost Time Injury".
- 8 Refers to the number of Days Away From Work Injuries and Fatalities per 200,000 work hours in the year.
- 9 Refers to the number of personnel who sustain life threatening or life-altering work-related injury. It is a subset of Days Away From Work Injuries.
- 10 Refers to the number of Total Recordable Injuries per 200,000 work hours in the year. Total Recordable Injuries include Fatalities, Days Away From Work Injuries, Restricted Work Injuries, and Medical Treatment Injuries.
- 11 Starting from 2021, "Work-related III Health" replaces "Occupational Disease". Work-related III Health includes the diseases listed in the ILO List of Occupational Diseases, work-related mental illnesses and work-related disorders. Numbers prior to 2021 are the previously reported numbers for "Occupational Disease".
- 12 Starting from 2021, "Lost Days" replaces "Days Lost". "Lost Days" is the sum total of calendar days (consecutive or otherwise) after the days on which the work-related injuries and work-related ill health occurred. "Days Lost" accounts the working days instead of calendar days. Numbers prior to 2021 are the previously reported numbers for "Days Lost".

GHG accounting methodology

Regional safety performance

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Hong Kong ^{1,2}						
Employees						
Fatalities (number of personnel)	0	0	0	0	0	GRI 403-2/ HKEx B2.1
Fatality Rate (number per 200,000 work hours)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	GRI 403-2/ HKEx B2.1/ SASB IF- EU-320a.
Days Away from Work Injuries (number of personnel)	1	2	0	4	4	GRI 403-2
Lost Time Injury Rate (number per 200,000 work hours)	0.02	0.04	0.00	0.09	0.09	
High-consequence Injuries (number of personnel)	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	GRI 403-9
Total Recordable Injury Rate (number per 200,000 work hours)	0.11	0.12	0.02	0.21	0.19	GRI 403-2/ SASB IF- EU-320a.1
Work-related III Health (number of personnel)	0	0	0	0	0	GRI 403-10/ HKEx B2.1
Lost Days (number of days)	8	16	0	119	246	GRI 403-2/ HKEx B2.2
Contractors						
Fatalities (number of personnel)	0	0	0	0	0	GRI 403-2/ HKEx B2.1
Fatality Rate (number per 200,000 work hours)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	GRI 403-2/ HKEx B2.1/ SASB IF- EU-320a.1
Days Away from Work Injuries (number of personnel)	5	9	4	5	15	GRI 403-2
Lost Time Injury Rate (number per 200,000 work hours)	0.07	0.13	0.07	0.10	0.21	
High-consequence Injuries (number of personnel)	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	GRI 403-9
Total Recordable Injury Rate (number per 200,000 work hours)	0.15	0.16	0.14	0.30	0.51	GRI 403-2/ SASB IF- EU-320a.1
Mainland China ¹						
Employees						
Fatalities (number of personnel)	0	0	0	0	0	GRI 403-2/ HKEx B2.1
Fatality Rate (number per 200,000 work hours)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	GRI 403-2/ HKEx B2.1/ SASB IF- EU-320a.1

GHG accounting methodology

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Days Away from Work Injuries (number of personnel)	0	0	0	2	0	GRI 403-2
Lost Time Injury Rate (number per 200,000 work hours)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.19	0.00	
High-consequence Injuries (number of personnel)	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	GRI 403-9
Total Recordable Injury Rate (number per 200,000 work hours)	0.00	0.30	0.00	0.19	0.10	GRI 403-2, SASB IF EU-320a.
Work-related III Health (number of personnel)	0	0	0	0	0	GRI 403-10. HKEx B2.
Lost Days (number of days)	0	0	19	59	0	GRI 403-2. HKEx B2.2
Contractors						
Fatalities (number of personnel)	0	0	0	0	0	GRI 403-2/ HKEx B2.
Fatality Rate (number per 200,000 work hours)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	GRI 403-2, HKEx B2.1, SASB IF EU-320a.
Days Away from Work Injuries (number of personnel)	0	0	0	1	0	GRI 403-7
Lost Time Injury Rate (number per 200,000 work hours)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.10	0.00	
High-consequence Injuries (number of personnel)	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	GRI 403-9
Total Recordable Injury Rate (number per 200,000 work hours)	0.00	0.00	0.08	0.49	0.00	GRI 403-2, SASB IF EU-320a:
Australia ¹						
Employees						
Fatalities (number of personnel)	0	0	0	0	0	GRI 403-2, HKEx B2.
Fatality Rate (number per 200,000 work hours)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	GRI 403-2, HKEx B2.1, SASB IF EU-320a:
Days Away from Work Injuries (number of personnel)	1	4	4	6	3	GRI 403-7
Lost Time Injury Rate (number per 200,000 work hours)	0.05	0.18	0.18	0.25	0.10	
High-consequence Injuries (number of personnel)	0	0	0	N/A	N/A	GRI 403-9
Total Recordable Injury Rate (number per 200,000 work hours)	0.19	0.28	0.45	0.46	0.31	GRI 403-2, SASB IF EU-320a:

GHG accounting methodology

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Work-related III Health (number of personnel)	3	4	1	0	0	GRI 403-10/ HKEx B2.1
Lost Days (number of days)	117	160	285	265	218	GRI 403-2/ HKEx B2.2
Contractors						
Fatalities (number of personnel)	0	0	0	0	0	GRI 403-2/ HKEx B2.1
Fatality Rate (number per 200,000 work hours)	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	GRI 403-2/ HKEx B2.1/ SASB IF- EU-320a.1
Days Away from Work Injuries (number of personnel)	3	3	5	2	2	GRI 403-2
Lost Time Injury Rate (number per 200,000 work hours)	0.19	0.26	0.40	0.11	0.12	
High-consequence Injuries (number of personnel)	1	1	0	N/A	N/A	GRI 403-9
Total Recordable Injury Rate (number per 200,000 work hours)	0.64	0.86	0.97	0.44	0.62	GRI 403-2/ SASB IF- EU-320a.1
India¹						
Employees						
Fatalities (number of personnel)	N/A	0	0	0	0	GRI 403-2/ HKEx B2.1
Fatality Rate (number per 200,000 work hours)	N/A	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	GRI 403-2/ HKEx B2.1/ SASB IF- EU-320a.1
Days Away from Work Injuries (number of personnel)	N/A	0	0	0	0	GRI 403-2
Lost Time Injury Rate (number per 200,000 work hours)	N/A	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	
High-consequence Injuries (number of personnel)	N/A	0	0	N/A	N/A	GRI 403-9
Total Recordable Injury Rate (number per 200,000 work hours)	N/A	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	GRI 403-2/ SASB IF- EU-320a.1
Work-related III Health (number of personnel)	N/A	0	0	0	0	GRI 403-10/ HKEx B2.1
Lost Days (number of days)	N/A	0	0	0	0	GRI 403-2/ HKEx B2.2
Contractors						
Fatalities (number of personnel)	N/A	0	0	0	0	GRI 403-2/ HKEx B2.1

Serving Our Stakeholders

ESG data table

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	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Fatality Rate (number per 200,000 work hours)	N/A	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	GRI 403-2/ HKEx B2.1/ SASB IF- EU-320a.1
Days Away from Work Injuries (number of personnel)	N/A	3	1	2	0	GRI 403-2
Lost Time Injury Rate (number per 200,000 work hours)	N/A	0.07	0.03	0.07	0.00	
High-consequence Injuries (number of personnel)	N/A	1	1	N/A	N/A	GRI 403-9
Total Recordable Injury Rate (number per 200,000 work hours)	N/A	0.44	0.41	0.46	0.68	GRI 403-2/ SASB IF- EU-320a.1

¹ The system of rules applied in recording and reporting accident statistics complies with the International Labour Organization (ILO) Code of Practice on Recording and Notification of Occupational Accidents and Diseases.

The 2023 data shaded in orange has been independently verified by KPMG. The assurance scope of past years' data can be found in previous sustainability reports.

Partners

Contributions to organisations

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Lobbying, interest representation or similar (HK\$M)¹	0	0	0	0	0	GRI 415-1
Local, regional or national political campaigns, organisations or candidates (HK\$M)¹	0	0	0	0	0	_
Trade associations or tax-exempt groups (e.g. think tanks) (HK\$M) ^{1,2}	8.05	8.69	14.12	8.90	8.04	-
Others (e.g. spending related to ballot measures or referendums) (HK\$M) ¹	0	0	0	0	0	-

Apraava Energy ceased to be a subsidiary and is now accounted for as a joint venture. Apraava Energy is excluded in the figures for 2023, but included in figures for 2022 and prior years.

Code of Conduct

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Total number of breaches of Code of Conduct reported to the Audit & Risk Committee (cases) ¹	12	10	18	25	31	

Apraava Energy ceased to be a subsidiary and is now accounted for as a joint venture. Apraava Energy is excluded in the figures for 2023, but included in figures for 2022 and prior years.

Starting from 2022, regional data in Hong Kong includes data from CLP Power, CLPe Holdings and CLP Holdings. Before that data in CLP Holdings included data from CLPe and CLP Holdings, while data in Hong Kong included data from CLP Power. The change reflects the new operating model in CLP in 2022.

² Includes contributions to trade associations or tax-exempt groups that seek to influence public policy in the form of memberships, donations or sponsorship. The scope was reviewed in 2023.

ESG data table

GHG accounting methodology

Anti-corruption

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Convicted cases of corruption reported to the Audit & Risk Committee (cases) ¹	0	0	0	0	0	GRI 205-3/ HKEx B7.1

¹ Apraava Energy ceased to be a subsidiary and is now accounted for as a joint venture. Apraava Energy is excluded in the figures for 2023, but included in figures for 2022 and prior years.

Supplier distribution

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Total suppliers by region (number) ¹	4,215	6,127	5,659	5,777	6,362	GRI 2-6/ HKEx B5.1
Australia	1,853	1,894	1,942	2,216	2,215	
Mainland China	1,090	1,257	1,216	1,142	1,166	
Hong Kong	1,030	1,058	1,025	1,013	1,000	
India	3	1,667	1,197	1,134	1,704	
Others (Asia Pacific)	63	64	67	70	77	
Europe	96	105	112	121	118	
America	78	88	98	78	77	-
Rest of the world	2	1	2	3	5	_

¹ There are a few multinational companies having transactions in more than one regions through their local offices, but we combine the local offices and treat one multinational companies as one supplier in our supply base.

Payments to suppliers

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Total payment to suppliers by region (HK\$M)	42,023	54,794	43,997	36,544	36,746	GRI 204-1
Australia	10,831	12,727	10,617	8,526	8,356	
Mainland China	15,346	19,937	17,226	15,577	11,603	
Hong Kong	10,205	9,233	8,296	8,501	8,888	
India	24	4,343	2,977	1,999	3,104	
Others (Asia Pacific)	3,905	5,821	3016	960	3,093	
Europe	1,300	1,854	1630	753	1,234	
America	409	878	232	221	458	
Rest of the world	3	1	3	5	10	-

The 2023 data shaded in orange has been independently verified by KPMG. The assurance scope of past years' data can be found in previous sustainability reports.

GHG accounting methodology

O Approach to

Sustainability

Community

Community investment

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Community programmes implemented (number) ¹	458	481	443	468	663	GRI 415-1

¹ Apraava Energy ceased to be a subsidiary and is now accounted for as a joint venture. Apraava Energy is excluded in the figures for 2023, but included in figures for 2022 and prior years.

Community spending

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Community spending by theme (%) ^{1,2}						
Education and Development	6	5	6	11	18	
Community Wellbeing	31	30	35	28	9	
Environment	58	61	56	57	68	
Arts and Culture	2	2	1	2	2	
Community Engagement	3	2	2	2	3	
Community spending by region (%) ^{1,2}						
Hong Kong	98	94	90	84	81	
Mainland China	1	1	1	2	1	
Australia	1	2	2	5	10	
India ¹	N/A	3	7	9	8	
Southeast Asia & Taiwan	0	0	0	0	0	

¹ Apraava Energy ceased to be a subsidiary and is now accounted for as a joint venture. Apraava Energy is excluded in the figures for 2023, but included in figures for 2022 and prior years.

Donations

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Amount donated for charitable and other purposes (HK\$M) ^{1,2}	9.18	10.02	15.09	27.00	20.98	

¹ Apraava Energy ceased to be a subsidiary and is now accounted for as a joint venture. Apraava Energy is excluded in the figures for 2023, but included in figures for 2022 and prior years.

Time and expertise contributed

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Volunteer hours from CLP staff and family members (hours) ^{1,2}	16,701	19,329	16,541	10,973	20,015	
Skill-based (%) ^{1,3}	4.7	12.2	0.4	0.8	0.5	

² Numbers have been subject to rounding. Any discrepancies between the total shown and the sum of the amounts listed are due to rounding.

² Numbers have been subject to rounding.

Economic value generated and distributed

ESG data table

GHG accounting methodology

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Non skill-based (%)¹.⁴	95.3	87.8	99.6	99.2	99.5	

¹ Apraava Energy ceased to be a subsidiary and is now accounted for as a joint venture. Apraava Energy is excluded in the figures for 2023, but included in figures for 2022 and prior years.

- 3 Refers to volunteering work that requires electrical engineering skills or licenses.
- 4 Refers to hands-on, generic services that do not require professional electrical engineering skills or licenses.

Beneficiaries

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Beneficiaries (number)¹						
Direct beneficiaries	626,000+	1,305,000+	1,580,000+	918,000+	615,000+	
Organisations benefitted ²	291	280	232	263	401	
Beneficiaries by theme (%)1.3						
Education and Development	46.7	15.9	13.0	26.5	63.1	
Community Wellbeing	22.7	72.1	63.0	65.0	20.3	
Environment	25.7	9.9	23.9	8.3	16.1	
Arts and Culture	4.9	2.1	0.1	0.2	0.5	

¹ Apraava Energy ceased to be a subsidiary and is now accounted for as a joint venture. Apraava Energy is excluded in the figures for 2023, but included in figures for 2022 and prior years.

Nuclear safety

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	GRI/HKEx/ SASB/IFRS
Workers						
Collective radiation dosage for workers (man-mSv)	1,324.3	719.8	641.7	676.2	960.0	
Nuclear-related waste						
Spent nuclear fuel (t)	37.7	75.4	33.1	37.7	75.2	
Low- to intermediate-level radioactive nuclear waste (m³)	53.0	58.8	26.0	71.0	89.4	

Apraava Energy

Climate change

	2023
Greenhouse gas emissions	
CLP Group's generation and energy storage portfolio	
CO ₂ (kt)	6,924
CO ₂ e (kt)	6,958

² Numbers have been subject to rounding.

² Includes professional bodies, academic institutes, NGOs and community groups.

³ Numbers have been subject to rounding. Any discrepancies between the total shown and the sum of the amounts listed are due to rounding.

Economic value generated and distributed

GHG accounting methodology

Our Sustainability Agenda Respecting Nature Serving Our Stakeholders

Environment

ESG data table

	2023
Environmental compliance	
Environmental regulatory non-compliances resulting in fines or prosecutions (number)	0
Environmental licence limit exceedances & other non-compliances (number)	11
Air pollutants	
Nitrogen oxides (NO _x) (kt) ¹	9.0
Sulphur dioxide (SO ₂) (kt) ¹	5.8
Particulates (kt) ¹	1.0
Sulphur hexafluoride (SF ₆) (kt) ¹	0
Mercury (t)¹	0.02
Waste produced and recycled	
Hazardous solid waste (t) ^{1,2}	
Produced	155
Recycled	26
Hazardous liquid waste (kl)¹²	
Produced	17
Recycled	17
Non-hazardous solid waste (t)¹²	
Produced	779
Recycled	721
Non-hazardous liquid waste (kl)¹²	
Produced	0
Recycled	0
By-products	
Ash produced (kt) ¹	2,122
Ash recycled / sold (kt)¹	2,135
Gypsum produced (kt)¹	114
Gypsum recycled / sold (kt)¹	114
Water	
Total water withdrawal (Mm³)¹³	14.4
For cooling purpose	
Water withdrawal from freshwater resources	14.2
Water withdrawal from marine water resources	0
For non-cooling purposes	
Water withdrawal from freshwater resources	0.3
Water withdrawal from municipal sources	0
Total freshwater withdrawal from water stressed areas	14.4

Economic value generated and distributed

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GHG accounting methodology

	2023
Total water discharge (Mm³)¹¹³	0
From cooling process	
Treated wastewater to freshwater bodies	0
Water discharge to marine water bodies	0
Wastewater to other destinations	0
From non-cooling processes	
Treated wastewater to freshwater bodies	0
Treated wastewater to marine water bodies	0
Wastewater to other destinations	0
Wastewater to sewerage	0
Total freshwater consumption of Apraava's power generation (Mm³)	14.4
Total freshwater consumption under water stressed areas (Mm³)	14.4
Freshwater intensity	
Freshwater intensity of Apraava's power generation (m³/MWh)	1.44
Freshwater reused/recycled	
Freshwater reused/recycled volume (Mm³)	104.7

Customers

	2023
Fuel use	
Coal consumed (for power generation) (TJ)¹¹²	77,355
Oil consumed (for power generation) (TJ)¹¹²	30
Total energy sent out (GWh) ¹²	10,047

¹ Numbers have been subject to rounding.

Our people

	2023
Total employee headcount (number)	492
Voluntary staff turnover rate (%)¹	9.4
Employee eligible to retire in the next five years (%) ²	4.3

Numbers at asset level have been aggregated and then rounded.
 Waste categorised in accordance with local regulations.
 Numbers have been subject to rounding. Any discrepancies between the total shown and the sum of the amounts listed are due to rounding.

² Paguthan Power Station, the power purchase agreements of which expired in December 2018, was not included in the 2023 numbers.

Respecting Nature

and distributed

Economic value generated

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Sustainability

	2023
Safety performance	
Employees ³	
Fatalities (number of personnel) ⁴	0
Fatality Rate (number per 200,000 work hours)5.6	0.00
Days Away From Work Injuries (number of personnel) ⁷	0
Lost Time Injury Rate (number per 200,000 work hours) ^{6,8}	0.00
High-consequence Injuries (number of personnel)9	0
Total Recordable Injury Rate (number per 200,000 work hours) ^{6,10}	0.22
Work-related III Health (number of personnel) ¹¹	0
Lost Days (number of days) ¹²	0
Contractors ³	
Fatalities (number of personnel) ⁴	1
Fatality Rate (number per 200,000 work hours)5.6	0.02
Days Away From Work Injuries (number of personnel) ⁷	2
Lost Time Injury Rate (number per 200,000 work hours) ^{6,8}	0.07
High-consequence Injuries (number of personnel)9	2
Total Recordable Injury Rate (number per 200,000 work hours) ^{6.10}	0.47
Employees and contractors combined ³	
Fatalities (number of personnel) ⁴	1
Fatality Rate (number per 200,000 work hours)5.6	0.02
Days Away From Work Injuries (number of personnel) ⁷	2
Lost Time Injury Rate (number per 200,000 work hours) ^{6,8}	0.07
High-consequence Injuries (number of personnel) ⁹	2
Total Recordable Injury Rate (number per 200,000 work hours) ^{6,10}	0.45

- 1 Voluntary staff turnover refers to employees leaving the organisation voluntarily and does not include dismissal, retirement, company-initiated termination or end of contract.
- 2 The percentages given refer to permanent employees, who are eligible to retire within the next five years.
- 3 The system of rules applied in recording and reporting accident statistics complies with the International Labour Organization (ILO) Code of Practice on Recording and Notification of Occupational Accidents and Diseases.
- 4 Refers to the number of fatalities as a result of work-related injury.
- 5 Refers to the number of fatal injuries per 200,000 work hours in the year.
- 6 Rates are normalised to 200,000 work hours, which approximately equals to the number of hours worked by 100 people in one year.
- "Days Away From Work Injuries" has replaced "Lost Time Injury". Days Away From Work Injuries refers to the number of personnel who sustains work-related injury and is unfit to perform any work on any day after the occurrence of the injury. "Any day" is any calendar day which includes rest days, weekend days, leave days, public holidays or days after ceasing employment. It does not include the day the injury incident occurred. "Days Away From Work Injuries" excludes fatalities which were included in "Lost Time Injury".
- 8 Refers to the number of Days Away From Work Injuries and Fatalities per 200,000 work hours in the year.
- 9 Refers to the number of personnel who sustain life-threatening or life-altering work-related injury. It is a subset of Days Away From Work Injuries.
- 10 Refers to the number of Total Recordable Injuries per 200,000 work hours in the year. Total Recordable Injuries include Fatalities, Days Away From Work Injuries, Restricted Work Injuries, and Medical Treatment Injuries.
- 11 Work-related III Health includes the diseases listed in the ILO List of Occupational Diseases, work-related mental illnesses and work-related disorders.
- 12 "Lost Days" is the sum total of calendar days (consecutive or otherwise) after the days on which the work-related injuries and work-related ill health occurred.

ESG data table

GHG accounting methodology

Community

	2023
Programmes	
Community programmes implemented (number)	61
Spending	
Community spending by theme (%) ¹	
Education and Development	9
Community Wellbeing	72
Environment	14
Arts and Culture	0
Community Engagement	5
Donations	
Amount donated for charitable and other purposes (HK\$M)	0
Time and expertise contributed	
Volunteer hours from CLP staff and family members (hours) ¹	3,395
Skill-based (%)²	0.1
Non skill-based (%) ³	99.9
Beneficiaries	
Beneficiaries (number)	
Direct beneficiaries	130,000+
Organisations benefitted⁴	12
Beneficiaries by theme (%) ¹	
Education and Development	7.9
Community Wellbeing	80.1
Environment	12.0
Arts and Culture	0.0

- Numbers have been subject to rounding.
 Refers to volunteering work that requires electrical engineering skills or licenses.
 Refers to hands-on, generic services that do not require professional electrical engineering skills or licenses.
- 4 Includes professional bodies, academic institutes, NGOs and community groups.

Code of Conduct and Anti-corruption

	2023
Code of Conduct	
Total number of breaches of Code of Conduct reported to the Audit & Risk Committee (cases)	5
Anti-corruption	
Convicted cases of corruption reported to the Audit & Risk Committee (cases)	0